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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
09/922,507	08/03/2001	Kwang-Bo Cho	08305-101001	8845	
7590 10/22/2004			EXAMINER		
Micron Technology c/o Tom D'Amico			NGUYEN, LUONG TRUNG		
Dickstein, Shapiro, Moran & Oshinsky 2101 L Street NW			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
Washington, DC 20037-1526			2612		

DATE MAILED: 10/22/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No. Applicant(s)							
Office Action Summary		09/922,50	7	CHO, KWANG-BO					
		Examiner		Art Unit					
		LUONG T		2612					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply									
THE MAILIN - Extensions of ti after SIX (6) Mo - If the period for - If NO period for - Failure to reply Any reply receive	IED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR G DATE OF THIS COMMUNICA me may be available under the provisions of 3 DNTHS from the mailing date of this communication reply specified above is less than thirty (30) directly is specified above, the maximum statute within the set or extended period for reply will, wed by the Office later than three months after erm adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATION. TOFR 1.136(a). In no eve cation. ays, a reply within the statu orry period will apply and will, by statute, cause the appl	nt, however, may a reply be tim tory minimum of thirty (30) day: I expire SIX (6) MONTHS from ication to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timel the mailing date of this o D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	y. ommunication.				
Status									
1)☐ Respo	Responsive to communication(s) filed on								
2a)∏ This ad	☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.								
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of C	Claims								
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are pending in the application.									
4a) Of	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
5)∐ Claim(Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to.								
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.									
Application Pag	pers								
9)⊠ The sp	ecification is objected to by the E	xaminer.							
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>03 August 2001</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.									
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).									
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
•	·	y the Examiner. No	te the attached Office	Action of formal	10-132.				
Priority under 3	-								
	vledgment is made of a claim for b)∭ Some * c)∭ None of:	foreign priority und	ler 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	-(d) or (f).					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.									
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No									
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage									
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.									
occ me	attached detailed Office action is	on a list of the certif	ed copies not receive	a.					
Attachment(s)									
1) Notice of Refe	erences Cited (PTO-892)		4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)					
	tsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO		Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ite	2 152)				
3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5) Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152) 6) Other:									

DETAILED ACTION

Specification

1. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities:

In the Abstract (page 18, line 14), "is obtained" should be changed to --is obtained.--.

Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

- (e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.
- 3. Claims 1, 4-7, 12-15, 21-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Fossum et al. (US 6,137,100).

Regarding claims 13, 21,12, 5, Fossum et al. discloses a CMOS color pixel assembly (CMOS image sensor, Column 2, Lines 5-12), comprising a plurality of macro pixels (macro pixel, Column 2, Lines 5-30), each macro pixel of the plurality of macro pixels, comprising at least three color pixel elements (Red, Blue, Green, Figure 1B, Column 2, Lines 31-59), each color pixel element including a photoreceptor (photodiode, column 3, Lines 22-51) having a device geometry (photodiode size), responsive to receiving light, to generate an output signal indicative of an amount of light photons received (Column 3, Lines 22-61); a first one of the

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color pixel elements, to receive a first color (red color, Figure 1B), the photoreceptor of the first one of the color pixel elements having a first geometry and a responsivity to light that is a function of the first geometry of the photoreceptor such that the responsivity of the output signal of the photoreceptor to the first color is controllable by changing the first geometry (the collection efficiently is proportional to the size of the collection area, Column 3, Lines 22-51); a second one of the color pixel elements to receive a second color (blue color, Figure 1B) different than the first color, the photoreceptor of the second one of the color pixel elements having a second geometry and a responsivity to light that is a function of the second geometry such that the responsivity of the output signal of the photoreceptor to the second color is controllable by changing the second geometry (the collection efficiently is proportional to the size of the collection area, Column 3, Lines 22-51); and a third one of the color pixel elements, to receive a third color (green color, Figure 1B) different than the first color and the second color, the photoreceptor of the third one of the color pixel elements having a third geometry and a responsivity to light that is a function of the third geometry of the photoreceptor such that the responsivity of the output signal of the photoreceptor to the third color is controllable by changing the third geometry (the collection efficiently is proportional to the size of the collection area, Column 3, Lines 22-51).

Regarding claims 6, 14, 22, Fossum et al. discloses the first geometry, the second geometry, and the third geometry are selected such that the responsivity of the output signal of the first one of the color pixel elements to the first color, and the responsivity of the output signal of the second one of the color pixel elements to the second color, and the responsivity of the

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output signal of the third one of the color pixel elements to the third color is a predetermined ratio (ratio 2.5 Vb:1.5 Vr:1.0Vg (column 1, Lines 52-57).

As for claim 1, all the limitations are contained in claims 13-14, therefore, see Examiner's comments regarding claims 13-14.

Regarding claim 4, Fossum et al. discloses the predetermined ratio is about 1:1 (Figure 1A).

Regarding claims 7, 15, 23, Fossum et al. discloses the predetermined ratio is about 1:1:1 (Figure 1A).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 2-3, 16, 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fossum et al. (US 6,137,100) in view of McDaniel et al. (US 6,040,592).

Regarding claims 2, 16, 24, Fossum et al. fails to specifically disclose the photoreceptor of each color pixel element is selected from the group consisting of n-wells, n+ diffusion, p-wells, p+ diffusion, and photogates. However, McDaniel et al. teaches that a photodiode is

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created between ground, a common node having electrical contact with the substrate, and the diffusion 209, the diffusion 209 is doped as an N+ diffusion region (Column 3, Lines 29-35). Therefore, it would have obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device in Fossum et al. by the teaching of McDaniel et al. in order to make ohmic contact to the well (column 3, Lines 33-35).

Regarding claim 3, Fossum et al. fails to specifically disclose the photoreceptor of each color pixel element is an n+ diffusion. However, McDaniel et al. teaches that a photodiode is created between ground, a common node having electrical contact with the substrate, and the diffusion 209, the diffusion 209 is doped as an N+ diffusion region (Column 3, Lines 29-35). Therefore, it would have obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device in Fossum et al. by the teaching of McDaniel et al. in order to make ohmic contact to the well (column 3, Lines 33-35).

6. Claims 8-9, 17-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fossum et al. (US 6,137,100) in view of Fossum et al. (US 5,949,483).

Regarding claims 8, 17, Fossum et al. ('100) fails to specifically disclose a microlens photonically coupled to at least one of the color pixel elements. However, Fossum et al. ('483) discloses an active pixel sensor array, in which each pixel corresponding to red filter 600, blue filter 604, green filter 610 is covered by microlenses 115A, 115B, 115C (Figure 5A, Column 7, Line 58 – Column 8, Line 13). Therefore, it would have obvious to one of ordinary skill in the

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art at the time the invention was made to modify the device in Fossum et al. ('100) by the teaching of Fossum et al. ('483) in order to focus incoming light onto pixel.

Regarding claims 9, 18, Fossum et al. ('100) fails to specifically disclose corresponding microlens photonically coupled to each of the color pixel elements. However, Fossum et al. ('483) discloses an active pixel sensor array, in which each pixel corresponding to red filter 600, blue filter 604, green filter 610 is covered by microlenses 115A, 115B, 115C (Figure 5A, Column 7, Line 58 – Column 8, Line 13). Therefore, it would have obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device in Fossum et al. ('100) by the teaching of Fossum et al. ('483) in order to focus incoming light onto pixel.

7. Claims 10-11, 19-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fossum et al. (US 6,137,100) in view of Perregaux et al. (US 5,119,181).

Regarding claims 10-11, 19-20, Fossum et al. fails to specifically disclose at least one of the color pixel elements further comprises at least one switch coupled to the photoreceptor to vary the device geometry. However, Perregeaux et al. discloses a color array, in which photodiode shape can be altered to change the spatial sensitivity of the individual photodiodes if required (Column 5, Lines 60-62). Therefore, it would have obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to modify the device in Fossum et al. by the teaching of Perregaux et al. in order to change the spatial sensitivity of the individual photodiodes if required (Column 5, Lines 60-62).

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Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Chou (US 6,252,218) discloses amorphous silicon active pixel sensor with rectangular readout layer in a hexagonal grid layout.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to LUONG T NGUYEN whose telephone number is (703) 308-9297. The examiner can normally be reached on 7:30AM - 5:00PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Wendy Garber can be reached on (703) 305-4929. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

LN LN 10/16/04

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